# COLIBRI RESOURCE CORPORATION 

## Form 51-102F1

Management's Discussion \& Analysis<br>for the Quarter Ended February 29, 2012

The following Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD\&A") for Colibri Resource Corporation ("the Company") prepared as of May 18, 2012 should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and notes as at February 29, 2012. All figures are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

As of December 1, 2011, the Company adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three months ended February 29, 2012 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and using accounting policies consistent with IFRS. Readers of this MD\&A should refer to financial statement Note 14(b) "Changes in Accounting Policies" for a discussion of IFRS and its affect on the Company's financial presentation.

This MD\&A contains forward-looking information. Please see "Forward-Looking Information" and "Risks and Uncertainties" for a discussion of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions relating to such information.

## FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Forward-looking information is included in this MD\&A, which involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is identified by the use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate", "believe", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "predict", "project", "will", "would", and similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions. Such information may involve but are not limited to comments with respect to strategies, expectations, planned operations or future actions.

Forward-looking information reflects current expectations of management regarding future events and operating performance as of the date of this MD\&A. Such information involves significant risks and uncertainties, should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of whether or not such results will be achieved. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking information, including, but not limited to, the following factors: financial health of the Company's subsidiary and the related cash flows, competitive and economic environment, seasonality and fluctuations in results, expansion, interest rates, foreign exchange, cash distributions are not guaranteed and will fluctuate with the performance of its subsidiary, and federal income tax changes in Mexico and Canada.

Although the forward-looking information contained in this MD\&A is based upon what the Company's management believes to be reasonable assumptions, the Company cannot assure investors that actual results will be consistent with such information. Forward-looking information reflects management's current beliefs and is based on information currently available to the Company. Such information reflects current assumptions regarding future events and operating performance including, without limitation, a strong economy in Canada, stable interest rates and continued strength in the mining exploration industry in which the Company operates, and speaks only as of the date of this discussion. The forward-looking information is made as of the date of this MD\&A and the Company assumes no obligation to update or revise such information to reflect new events or circumstances.

## General

The Company was incorporated on February 20, 2004 in the province of British Columbia. On August 5, 2005, the Company's common shares and purchase warrants began trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbols CBI and CBI.WT respectively.

Through its Subsidiaries, Minera Halcones S.A. de C.V., 0901223 B.C. Ltd., and Minera Azor Dorado S.A. de C.V., the Company is engaged in the acquisition, exploration, and if warranted, development of gold, silver, copper, molybdenum and other metal deposits in Mexico. Halcones has acquired a majority interest in four large mineral properties located in Sonora, Mexico. Sonora is the northernmost state in Mexico and borders the United States of America. All of the Company's property interests are located within or adjacent to, a free trade zone within the State, a fact that facilitates cross-border access and general business. The properties are characterized by ease of accessibility, well developed infrastructure, access to a ready and skilled labour pool and a large degree of common logistics due to their relative proximity to each other.

The Company's mineral property interests are the Colibri Property, the Leon Property, the Ramaje Ardiente (Ramard) Property and the Evelyn III Property. These properties are in the exploration stage only and are without a known body of commercial ore.

Additional information related to the Company is available for view on the Company's website at www.colibriresourcecorp.com and on SEDAR at http://www.sedar.com.

## Overall Performance

The Company has continued its focus on the exploration and evaluation of its Ramard silver project located near the municipality of Carbo, State of Sonora, Mexico. In November 2011, SJ Geophysics was contracted to conduct an Induced Polarization survey of the property. This survey covered approximately 2,000 hectares of the claim site, including the La Bronca zone, location of the last drill program, and areas to the southwest referred to as "Verde" and "Picacho" zones.

Results of the IP survey were correlated with surface soil and rock chip samples, and geological mapping, to develop a 2,000 metre diamond drilling program. The drilling program began in early March 2012 and was completed on May 15, 2012 with nearly 2,300 metres completed. Processing of the drill core and laboratory assay work is ongoing.

Agnico-Eagle Mines Ltd. (AEM), through one of its subsidiaries, has also commenced diamond-core drilling on the former Colibri gold project, now known as "Pitaya". This work is being completed pursuant to the Earn-In and Shareholders Agreement completed with AEM on May 27, 2011.

## Annual Information

The following table provides a brief summary of the Company's financial operations. For more detailed information, refer to the Financial Statements.

|  | Three Months Ended <br> February 29, 2012 | Three Months Ended <br> February 28, 2011 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total revenues |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) before extraordinary items | 10,150 | $\$$ | 872 |
| Net income (loss) and comprehensive income | $(120,359)$ | $(54,369)$ |  |

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share
Total assets
Total long-term liabilities
Cash dividends

The Company earns interest revenue from cash and term deposits held in banks. It has no intention of paying dividends on its common shares as it anticipates that all available funds will be invested to finance the growth of its business.

## Results of Operations

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may be different from those estimates. Additional significant accounting policies are detailed in Note 2 attached to the financial statements.

## For The Quarter Ended February 29, 2012

Operations in the period from December 1, 2011 to February 29, 2012 were focused on completing the geophysical survey and mapping of the Company's Ramard silver project, as well as organizing and commencing a 2,000 metre diamond drilling program based on those results. The drilling program commenced in early March 2012.

The net loss for the three month period ended February 29, 2012 was $\$ 120,359$ which was a loss of $\$ 0.01$ per share on both a basic and a fully diluted basis. This loss was primarily attributed to general and administrative expenses of $\$ 130,509$. Major components of the loss were management fees of $\$ 28,200$, investor relations costs of $\$ 19,500$ and Directors fees and benefits of $\$ 19,500$.

## For The Quarter Ended February 28, 2011

Operations in the period from December 1, 2010 to February 28, 2011 were focused on maintaining the Company's interests in the four properties that it owns in the province of Sonora, Mexico, as well as pursuing two separate equity financing options. One was the negotiating of an Earn-In Shareholders Agreement with Agnico-Eagle Mines Ltd. Relating to the Company's Colibri property, and the other was finalizing a non-broker private placement.. The Company has not generated any revenues from operations for the period.

The net loss for the three month period ended February 28,2011 was $\$ 54,369$ which was a loss of $\$ 0.01$ per share on both a basic and a fully diluted basis. This loss was primarily attributed to general and administrative expenses of $\$ 55,241$. Major components of the loss were management fees of $\$ 22,500$, consulting fees of $\$ 8,731$ and accounting and audit fees of $\$ 5,774$.

## Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table sets forth selected unaudited quarterly financial information for each of the last eight most recently completed quarters:

Three Months Ended

|  | February | November | August 31, | May 31, | February 28, | November | August 31, | May 31, |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 29,2012 | 30,2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 30,2010 | 2010 | 2010 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets | $8,534,948$ | $\$ 8,634,989$ | $\$ 8,761,829$ | $\$ 8,998,247$ | $\$ 6,195,892$ | $\$ 6,174,818$ | $\$ 6,233,475$ | $\$ 6,342,884$ |
| Mineral property costs | $6,254,220$ | $6,029,783$ | $5,957,926$ | $5,929,294$ | $5,739,968$ | $5,670,460$ | $5,596,382$ | $5,564,335$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Working capital | $2,113,018$ | $2,456,819$ | $2,670,255$ | $2,844,448$ | 286,184 | 376,659 | 527,419 |
| Shareholders' equity | $8,380,377$ | $8,500,736$ | $8,643,709$ | $8,790,668$ | $6,044,479$ | $6,066,848$ | $6,145,493$ |
| Revenues | 10,150 | 10,865 | 17,931 | 291 | $8,189,766$ |  |  |
| Net income (loss) | $(120,359)$ | $(188,817)$ | $(355,337)$ | $(87,534)$ | $(54,369)$ | $(78,645)$ | $(44,273)$ |
| Earnings (loss) per share | $(0.01)$ | $(0.01)$ | $(0.01)$ | $(0.01)$ | $(02,362)$ |  |  |

## Liquidity

The Company has no history of profitable operations and its mineral projects are at an early stage. Therefore, it is subject to many risks common to comparable junior venture resource companies, including under-capitalization, cash shortages and limitations with respect to personnel, financial and other resources as well as a lack of revenues.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern in the short term is dependent upon its ability to obtain financing. The Company has obtained financing by the issuance of share capital. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there can be no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable.

|  | February 29, 2012 | February 28,2011 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Working capital | $\$$ | $2,113,018$ | $\$$ |

Net cash used in operating activities during the period was $\$ 92,172$ compared to $\$ 512$ during the previous period. The net cash used in operating activities primarily consists of the operating loss and a change in non-cash working capital.

Financing activities provided net cash of \$NIL during the current period and \$NIL during the previous period.
Net cash used in investing activities was $\$ 224,437$ during the current period and $\$ 37,508$ in the previous period. Cash was expended on the acquisition and maintenance of mineral claims and exploration work conducted on the claims in Mexico.

## Capital Resources

The Company's sources of funds have been derived from private placement financings and the completion of the Company's IPO. The Company closed its IPO on July 28, 2005, pursuant to which it received gross proceeds of $\$ 2,500,000$ from the sale of $10,000,000$ units (the "Units") with each Unit consisting of one common share in the capital of the Company (a "Share") and one transferable common share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Two whole warrants entitled the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share of the Company (a "Warrant Share") until July 28, 2007 at an exercise price of $\$ 0.30$ per Warrant Share. During the three month period ended August 31, 2007, 7,729,950 of these warrants were exercised.

Also on April 19, 2007, the Company closed a brokered, private placement of $7,013,000$ Units at a price of $\$ 0.40$ per Unit for gross proceeds of $\$ 2,805,200$. Each Unit consists of one common share and one full, non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the holder to purchase an additional common share of the Company at a price of $\$ 0.70$ per share until April 20, 2008. The Units were subject to a hold period that expired August 20, 2007.

Bolder Investment Partners Ltd. acted as agent in respect of the placement. Bolder was paid a cash commission of $\$ 162,933$ and 118,643 Units or $7.5 \%$ of the total gross proceeds and was issued broker's warrants authorizing the purchase of up to 701,300 common shares at $\$ 0.70$ per share until April 20, 2008 on the same terms as the warrants issued as part of the Units under the private placement.

During 2007, the Company also received gross proceeds of $\$ 1,787,851$ from the exercise of share purchase warrants, and another $\$ 15,000$ from the exercise of stock options.

On April 7, 2011, Colibri completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of $\$ 2,400,000$ (the "Private Placement"). This non-brokered private placement is comprised of an aggregate of $12,000,000$ units at a price of $\$ 0.20$ per unit. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant, providing the holder with the right to purchase one additional Colibri common share for $\$ 0.35$ per share until April 6, 2013. The warrants are subject to an early acceleration provision which provides for the mandatory exercise or expiry of the warrants in the event Colibri's shares close at $\$ 0.60$ or higher for a period of 20 consecutive trading days. The Company paid finder's fees of $\$ 112,350$ in cash as well as 561,750 finder's warrants, each finder's warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share until April 6, 2013. The proceeds from the private placement will be used for general working capital for the Company's operations in Sonora, Mexico including its 2000 meter drilling program at the Ramard silver project near the municipality of Carbo, Sonora which is currently under way.

Also, on May 27, 2011, the Company finalized an Earn-In and Shareholders Agreement with Agnico-Eagle Mines Ltd. (AEM) regarding the Company's Colibri property. Pursuant to the Agreement, AEM may acquire up to a $75 \%$ interest in the Company's Colibri gold project in Sonora, Mexico (the "Colibri Project") and form a joint venture with the Company by making qualified exploration expenditures and payments to Colibri. To earn a $75 \%$ interest in the Colibri Project, AEM is required to spend, over the next three years, a minimum of US $\$ 3.0$ million in exploration expenditures over the next three years, of which US\$1.5million (US\$118,398 incurred to date) is to be spent in the first 18 months, as well as complete a positive feasibility study within five years. As required under the Agreement, the Company incorporated a Mexican wholly-owned subsidiary of a B.C. company (0901223 B.C. Ltd.) and transferred all rights, title and interest in the Colibri Project to the Mexican subsidiary.

Pursuant to the above Agreement, AEM will be required to make option payments to Colibri totalling US\$1,452,000 (US $\$ 100,000$ paid to-date) over a seven year period. After completion of the feasibility study and earning a $75 \%$ interest in the Colibri Project, AEM and Colibri may form a joint venture to develop the Colibri Project. Pursuant to the Agreement, AEM also made an equity investment in Colibri by purchasing 3 million units at $\$ 0.20$ per unit for gross proceeds of $\$ 600,000$. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share at an exercise price of $\$ 0.35$ per common share until May 26, 2013.

Additional disclosure concerning the Company's general and administrative expenses and resource property obligations and commitments are provided in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and deficit and notes therein. The Company does not have any commitments for specific capital expenditures, as the agreements under which it may earn the interests in the mineral exploration properties are option agreements. However, the Company anticipates incurring the following expenditures from its available funds over the next fiscal year:

## Description:

(1) To make property option payments and mineral property tax estimated payments on the Colibri,
Leon, Ramard and Evelyn III properties
(2) (a) Colibri Property (see Subsequent Events Note).

| (b) To conduct continuing exploration and drilling on the Ramard Property. | 50,000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| (c) To conduct continuing exploration and drilling on the Leon Property. | $\$$ |
| (d) To conduct site mapping and initial exploration work on the Evelyn Property | $\$, 100,000$ |
| (3) To cover estimated general and administrative expenses for a 12-month period | $\$$ |
| (4) To provide general working capital | $\$ 25,000$ |

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

## Transactions with Related Parties

During the period from December 1, 2011 to February 29, 2012, the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:
a) Paid or accrued management fees of $\$ 28,200$ (2011-\$22,500) to companies controlled by directors of the Company.
b) Paid or accrued office rent of $\$ 2,250(2011-\$ 2,250)$ to a company controlled by a director of the Company.
c) Paid or accrued $\$ 24,025(2010-\$ 19,900)$ in geological consulting fees, of which $\$ 21,469(2011-\$ 19,900)$ are included in deferred exploration costs, to a company controlled by a former director of the Company.
d) Paid or accrued $\$ 18,555$ (2011-\$8,088) in geological consulting fees and mapping and production, of which $\$ 11,074(2011-\$ 6,600)$ are included in deferred exploration costs, to a director of the Company.
e) As outlined in Note 6, Ramaje Ardient Prpoerty, the Company issued NIL shares (2011-200,000) for a value of \$NIL (2011-\$32,000) to a private Mexican company controlled by a former director of the Company.
f) Paid or accrued $\$ 19,500$ (2011 - $\$$ NIL) in fees to Directors of the Company.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

## Risk and Uncertainties

The Company holds certain mineral property interests in Mexico, and as such is exposed to numerous risks and uncertainties common to other junior exploration companies.

The Company's business, results of operations, financial condition, and the trading price of its common shares could be materially adversely affected by any of the foregoing risks and by other risks, including risks related to development of mineral deposits, metal prices, title matters, reclamation costs, metal price volatility, competition, additional funding requirements, insurance, currency fluctuations, conflicts of interest, and share trading volatility. Any of these risks could have a material adverse effect on the business, operations or financial condition of the Company.

The Company and its mineral exploration programs are at an early stage. The Company is not profitable and has no sources of revenue. The Company is reliant on raising equity and while this has been successful in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future.

The mineral claims that the Company has a right to acquire an interest in are in the exploration stage only. There is no assurance that the exploration activities of the Company will result in the discovery of a commercially viable mineral deposit.

Mineral exploration activities could result in injury and damage to life and property, possible adverse environmental impacts and possible legal liability.

The Company's financial results are denominated and reported in Canadian dollars. The Mexican operations involve payments in US dollars and Mexican pesos. Significant fluctuations of these currencies against the Canadian dollar could have a material effect on the Company's financial performance.

## Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and may affect both the period of revision and future periods. Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the statement of financial position date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- The carrying value and recoverable amount of exploration and evaluation assets;
- The inputs used in accounting for share-based compensation expense in the statements of operations and comprehensive loss;
- The valuation of shares issued in non-cash transactions;
- The valuation allowance applied against deferred income tax assets; and
- Management's assumption of no material provisions or obligations, based on the facts and circumstances that existed during the period.


## Changes in Accounting Policies including Initial Adoption of IFRS

The Company has adopted IFRS effective December 1, 2011 with a transition date of December 1, 2010. For further details, please refer to Notes 3 and 14 of the February 19, 2012 condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

## New Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

The following standards and interpretations are not yet in effect, and will only be applied for the first time in future periods. They may result in consequential changes to the accounting policies and other note disclosures. The Company has not yet assessed the impacts of these standards:

IFRS 9 establishes the requirements for recognizing and measuring financial assets and financial liabilities, and is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted.

IFRS 10 supersedes IAS 27: Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and establishes principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities. This new standard is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted.

IFRS 11 establishes principles for financial reporting by parties to a joint arrangement and supersedes IAS 31: Interests in Joint Ventures and SIC 13: Jointly Controlled Entities - Non- Monetary Contributions by Venturers. This new standard is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted.

IFRS 12 applies to entities that have an interest in a subsidiary, a joint arrangement, an associate or an unstructured entity. This new standard is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted.

IAS 12 addresses the recovery of underlying assets. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2012 with earlier application permitted.

IAS 27 contains accounting and disclosure requirements for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements. IAS 27 requires an entity preparing separate financial statements to account for those investments at cost or in accordance with IFRS 9. This new standard is effective for periods beginning January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted.

IAS 28 prescribes the accounting for investments in associates and sets out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2013 with earlier application permitted.

## Financial Risk Factors

The Company, through its financial assets and liabilities is exposed to various risks. The following analysis provides a measurement of risks as at the balance sheet date, February 29, 2012.

## (a) Fair Value

The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable to related parties, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short terms to maturity of the instruments.

## (b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has cash balances primarily in large Canadian chartered banks, and no interest bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest cash Canadian bank savings accounts with interest that varies at prime.

If interest rates applicable to this floating rate bank account were to increase or decrease by $1 \%$, the Company's annual interest income would increase or decrease by $\$ 3,600$ ( $\$ 2010-\$ 9,000$ ).

## (c) Credit Risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and accounts receivable. Cash is held with reputable financial institutions, primarily in Canada, and is kept in highly liquid accounts that are closely monitored by management. Credit risk with respect to its accounts receivables is minimal due to the insignificant balance.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is as follows:

| February 29, 2012 | Canada | Mexico | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash | $\$ 2,158,156$ | $\$ 43,777$ | $\$ 2,201,933$ |
| Sales tax receivable | 31,724 | - | 31,724 |
|  | $\$ 2,189,880$ | $\$ 43,777$ | $\$ 2,233,657$ |


| February 28, 2011 | Canada | Mexico | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash | $\$ 368,716$ | $\$ 48,188$ | $\$ 416,904$ |  |
| Sales tax receivable |  | - | - | - |
|  | $\$ 368,716$ | $\$ 48,188$ | $\$ 416,904$ |  |

## (d) Foreign Exchange risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Company's cash flow exposure to foreign currency is due mainly to cash, option payments and costs incurred for the development of its mineral properties in Mexico. As at February 28, 2011 and 2010, the Company's consolidated balance sheets included $\$ 65,467$ (2011-\$40,555) of cash denominated in U.S. currency and $\$ 15,832$ (2011-\$7,633) denominated in Mexican currency; \$NIL of accounts payable (2011-\$52,405) which were U.S. currency denominated and $\$ 38,391$ (2011-\$NIL) of accounts payable which were Mexico currency denominated. The Company does not use hold or issue financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes. At February 29, 2012 and 2011 there were no foreign exchange contracts outstanding.

A $10 \%$ increase or decrease in the value of the Mexican peso compared to the Canadian dollar could increase or decrease the Company's reported loss from operations by $\$ 500$.

A $10 \%$ increase or decrease in the value of the United States dollar compared to the Canadian dollar would not have a material effect on the Company's Mineral Properties and expenses for the three months ended February 29, 2012.

## (e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure and financial leverage as outlined below. The Company has sufficient funds as at February 29, 2012 to settle its current accounts payable of $\$ 154,571$, and any annual commitments on its mineral claims as outlined in Note 6 of the Company's audited financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the working capital of $\$ 2,113,018$ at February 29,2012 is sufficient to support the Company's normal operating requirements through its current reporting period. However, taking into consideration the Company's current cash position, volatile equity markets, global uncertainty in the capital markets and increasing cost pressures, the Company is continuing to review expenditures in order to ensure adequate liquidity and flexibility to support its exploration and development strategies.

The Company believes that external financing, likely in the form of equity offerings, will be required to complete its major exploration and development projects; however, it is not likely that there will be a need for more financing until the second half of 2013.

## Outstanding Share Data

## The Company has the following shares issued and outstanding:

|  | February 29, <br> 2012 | November <br> 30,2011 | November <br> 30,2010 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Authorized <br> Common shares without par value | $100,000,000$ | $100,000,000$ | $100,000,000$ |


| Issued and Outstanding | $50,236,010$ | $50,236,010$ | $34,611,010$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Stock options

There were no stock options issued during the three month period ended February 29, 2012.
On May 13, 2011 the Company amended its Stock Option Plan from a fixed to a $10 \%$ rolling plan whereby the Company may grant stock options to purchase up to $10 \%$ of the issued capital of the Company at the time of the grant of any option. Under the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange, options granted under the $10 \%$ rolling plan will not be required to include the mandatory vesting provisions required by the Exchange for fixed number stock option plans, except for stock options granted to investor relations consultants. Awarded stock options are exercisable over a period not exceeding five years at exercise prices determined by the directors. Under this plan, the number of shares available for grant increase as the issued capital of the Company increases.

The number of stock options outstanding is summarized as follows:

|  | Number <br> Of <br> Options | Weighted <br> Average <br> Exercise |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| Balance, November 30, 2009 | $1,390,000$ | $\$$ |
| Options granted | 450,000 | 0.21 |
|  |  | 0.10 |
| Balance, November 30, 2010 | $1,840,000$ | 0.18 |
| Options granted | 950,000 | 0.25 |
| Options exercised | $(425,000)$ | 0.10 |
| Options expired | $(25,000)$ | 0.10 |
| Balance, November 30, 2011 and February 29, 2012 | $2,340,000$ | 0.23 |
| Weighted average fair value per options granted |  | $\$$ |

On July 17, 2011, an aggregate of 950,000 incentive stock options were granted to directors and officers of the Company. The options are exercisable at $\$ 0.25$ per share for a period of five years and will expire on July 31, 2016. The fair value of these options was $\$ 208,379$ and has been expensed in the statement of operations.

The Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the value of the issued options. The assumptions were as follows: a 5 year expected term, a stock price volatility of $137 \%$ and a risk-free interest rate of $1.25 \%$.

As at February 29, 2012, the following stock options were outstanding, with a weighted average life remaining of 2.60 years:

| Number of Options | Exercise Price | Expiry Date |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 940,000 | 0.26 | October 29, 2012 |
| 450,000 | 0.10 | January 31, 2015 |
| 950,000 | 0.25 | July 17, 2016 |
| $2,340,000$ | $\$ 0.18$ |  |

## Warrants

The Company has $15,561,750$ share purchase warrants outstanding as at February 29, 2012, enabling the holders to acquire common shares, determined as follows:

| Expiry Date | Exercise <br> Price | Number | Remaining Life |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 6, 2013 | $\$ 0.35$ | $12,561,750$ | 1.10 years |
| May 26, 2013 | $\$ 0.35$ | $3,000,000$ | 1.24 years |
| Number outstanding and exercisable |  | $15,561,750$ |  |

## Segmented Information

The Company primarily operates in one reportable business segment, being the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties located in Mexico. The net loss and assets identifiable with these geographic areas are as follows:

| As at February 29, 2012 | Canada |  | Mexico |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Loss | \$ | $(115,290)$ | \$ | $(5,069)$ | \$ | $(120,359)$ |
| Current assets |  | 2,222,886 |  | 44,703 |  | 2,267,589 |
| Equipment |  | 12,885 |  | 254 |  | 13,139 |
| Mineral properties |  | - |  | 6,254,220 |  | 6,254,220 |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,235,771 | \$ | 6,299,177 | \$ | 8,534,948 |
| As at February 28, 2011 |  | anada |  | exico |  | tal |
| Net Loss | \$ | $(48,200)$ | \$ | $(6,169)$ | \$ | $(54,369)$ |
| Current assets |  | 388,444 |  | 49,153 |  | 437,597 |
| Equipment |  | 17,981 |  | 346 |  | 18,327 |
| Mineral properties |  | - |  | 5,739,968 |  | 5,739,968 |
| Total assets | \$ | 406,425 | \$ | 5,789,467 | \$ | 6,195,892 |

## Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers Without Significant Revenue

|  | Quarter Ended February 29, 2012 |  | Quarter Ended February 28, 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capitalized or expensed Exploration and Development Costs | \$ | 224,437 | \$ | 69,508 |
| Expensed Research and Development Costs | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| General and Administrative Expenses | \$ | 130,509 | \$ | 55,241 |
| Material Costs | \$ | - | \$ | - |

## Capitalized or Expensed Exploration and Development Costs

For the Colibri property, we capitalized \$NIL during the period ended February 29, 2019 and $\$ 13,887$ during the same period for 2011.

For the Ramaje Ardiente property, we capitalized \$200, 135 during the period ended February 29, 2012 and $\$ 46,871$ during the same period for 2011.

For the Leon property, we capitalized $\$ 23,941$ during the period ended February 29, 2012 and $\$ 8,546$ during the same period for 2011.

For the Evelyn property, we capitalized $\$ 361$ during the period ended February 29, 2012 and $\$ 204$ during the same period for 2011.

## Subsequent Events

On April 17, 2012, the Company granted options to its Directors and Officers to purchase $1,950,000$ common shares of the Company. These stock options have an exercise price of $\$ 0.14$ per share, and expire on April 17, 2017. Any shares issued on the exercise of these stock options will be subject to a four month hold period from the date of grant.

## Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures ('DC\&P') are intended to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by securities regulations and that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management. Internal controls over financial reporting ('ICFR') are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. TSX Venture listed companies are not required to provide representations in their annual filings relating to the establishment and maintenance of DC\&P and ICFR, as defined in Multinational Instrument MI 52-109. In particular, the CEO and CFO certifying officers do not make any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of (a) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation, and (b) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's IFRS. The issuer's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificates regarding absence of misrepresentations and fair disclosure of financial information. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC\&P and ICFR as defined in MI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

## Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

The information provided in this report, including the financial statements, is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying financial statements. Management maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Company's assets are safeguarded and to facilitate the preparation of relevant and timely information.

## Approval

The Board of Directors of Colibri Resource Corporation has approved the disclosure contained in this Management Discussion \& Analysis. A copy of this Management Discussion \& Analysis will be provided to anyone who requests it.

## Transition to International Financial Reporting Standards

Please refer to the February 29, 2012 unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements on www.sedar.com for details on the Company's transition to IFRS.

- Note 3 - Significant Accounting Policies
- Note 4 - New Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted
- Note 14 - Transition to IFRS


## Additional Information

Additional information relating to our Company is available for viewing on the SEDAR website at http://www.sedar.com.

